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HILTI[®] HST2 V3, HST2-F V3 AND HST2-R V3 EXPANSION ANCHORS IN CONCRETE

CSI Sections:

03 15 19 Cast-In Concrete Anchors 05 05 19 Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

1.0 RECOGNITION

HILTI HST2 V3, HST2-F V3, and HST2-R V3 Expansion Anchors recognized in this report have been evaluated for use as torque-controlled, mechanical expansion anchors. The structural performance properties of the HILTI HST2 (-F, -R) V3 Expansion Anchors comply with the intent of the provisions of the following codes and regulations:

- 2024, 2021, 2018, and 2015 International Building Code[®] (IBC)
- 2024, 2021, 2018, and 2015 International Residential Code[®] (IRC)

2.0 LIMITATIONS

Use of the HILTI HST2(-F, -R) V3 Expansion Anchors recognized in this report is subject to the following limitations:

2.1 The anchors shall be installed in accordance with the IBC or IRC, this report, and the manufacturer's printed installation instructions. Where conflicts occur, the more restrictive governs.

2.2 The anchor sizes, dimensions, and minimum embedment depths shall be as set forth in this report.

2.3 The anchors shall be installed in cracked and uncracked normalweight or lightweight concrete having a specified compressive strength, f_c , between 17.2 MPa (2,500 psi) and 58.6 MPa (8,500 psi).

2.4 For calculation purposes, the compressive strength value, f'_c , shall not exceed 55.2 MPa (8,000 psi).

2.5 Strength design values shall be determined in accordance with Section 3.2.1 of this report. Loads applied to the anchors

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shall be adjusted in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the IBC for strength design.

2.6 Allowable stress design values shall be determined in accordance with Section 3.2.2 of this report. Loads applied to the anchors shall be adjusted in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the IBC for allowable stress design.

2.7 Anchor spacing, edge distance, and minimum concrete thickness shall comply with Table 3 of this report.

2.8 Prior to installation, calculations and design details that demonstrate compliance with this report shall be submitted to the building official. The calculations and design details shall be prepared by a licensed design professional where required by the laws and statutes of the jurisdiction in which the construction is to occur.

2.9 Since suitable criteria for evaluating performance is not available, the use of the expansion anchors for fatigue or shock loading conditions is beyond the scope of this report.

2.10 The HST2 V3 zinc-plated carbon steel anchors are limited to dry, interior locations.

2.11 Periodic special inspection shall be provided in accordance with Section 3.4 of this report.

2.12 Where not otherwise prohibited in the applicable code, anchors are permitted for use with fire-resistant-rated construction provided at least one of the following conditions is satisfied:

- Anchors are used to resist wind or seismic forces only.
- Anchors that support fire-resistance-rated construction or gravity load-bearing structural elements are within a fire-resistance-rated envelope or a fire-resistance membrane, are protected by approved fire-resistancerated materials or have been evaluated for resistance to fire exposure in accordance with recognized standards.
- Anchors are used to support nonstructural elements.

2.13 The HST2 V3 and HST2-F V3 anchors are manufactured by Hilti (China) Ltd. in Zhanjiang, China. The HST2-R V3 anchors are manufactured by Hilti AG in Schaan, Liechtenstein.

3.0 PRODUCT USE

3.1 General: The HILTI HST2(-F, -R) V3 torque-controlled mechanical expansion anchors are used to resist static, wind, and seismic (Seismic Design Categories A through F under the IBC) tension and shear loads in cracked and uncracked



The product described in this Uniform Evaluation Service (UES) Report has been evaluated as an alternative material, design or method of construction in order to satisfy and comply with the intent of the provision of the code, as noted in this report, and for at least equivalence to that prescribed in the code in quality, strength, effectiveness, fire resistance, durability and safely, as applicable, in accordance with Section 104.2.3 of the 2024 IBC and Section 104.11 of previous editions. This document shall only be reproduced in its entirety.

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normalweight concrete that has a specified compressive strength, f_c between 17.2 MPa (2,500 psi) and 58.6 MPa (8,500 psi). Cracked concrete shall be assumed except for anchors located in a region of the concrete member where analysis indicates no cracking (uncracked) at service loads or restrained shrinkage in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.5 and 17.7.2.5 or ACI 318-14 17.4.2.6 and 17.5.2.7. Cracked concrete also shall be assumed for anchors in structures assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E, or F.

The anchors comply with Section 1901.3 of the IBC. The anchors may be used where an engineered design is submitted in accordance with Section R301.1.3 of the IRC.

Installation instructions and information are set forth in Section 3.3, Tables 1 through 4, and Figures 1, 2, and 4 of this report.

3.2 Design

B

3.2.1 Strength Design

3.2.1.1 General: The design strength of anchors complying with the 2024 and 2021 IBC, or with Section R301.1.3 of the 2024 and 2021 IRC, shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318-19 Chapter 17 and this report.

The design strength of anchors complying with the 2018 and 2015 IBC, or with Section R301.1.3 of the 2018 and 2015 IRC, shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 and this report.

The strength design of anchors shall comply with ACI 318-19 17.5.1.2 or ACI 318-14 17.3.1, except as required in ACI 318-19 17.10 or ACI 318-14 17.2.3. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , as given in ACI 318-19 17.5.3 or ACI 318-14 17.3.3 and noted in Table 4 of this report, shall be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the 2024 and 2021 IBC, or Section 1605.2 of the 2018 and 2015 IBC, and ACI 318 (-19, -14) 5.3. Under the IBC and IRC, anchor group effects shall be considered in accordance with ACI 318 (-19 and -14) 17.2.1.1.

The value of f_c used in the calculations shall be limited to a maximum of 55 MPa (8,000 psi) in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.3.1 or ACI 318-14 17.2.7. Table 4 of this report provides the mean axial stiffness values, β , for each diameter in normalweight concrete.

3.2.1.2 Requirements for Static Steel in Tension, N_{sa} : The nominal static steel strength of a single anchor in tension, N_{sa} , calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.1.2 or ACI 318-14 17.4.1.2, as applicable, is given in Table 4 of this report. The strength reduction factors, ϕ , listed in Table 4 of this report shall be used.

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3.2.1.3 Requirements for Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Tension, N_{cb} or N_{cbg} : The nominal concrete breakout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in tension, N_{cb} or N_{cbg} , respectively shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2 or ACI 318-14 17.4.2, with modifications as described herein. The basic concrete breakout strength in tension, N_b , shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.2 or ACI 318-14 17.4.2.2, using the values of h_{ef} and k_{cr} as listed in Table 4 of this report. The nominal concrete breakout strength in tension in regions where analysis indicates no cracking in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.5.1 or ACI 318-14 17.4.2.6 shall be calculated with the value of k_{uncr} as listed in Table 3 of this report and with $\psi_{c,N}=1.0$.

3.2.1.4 Requirements for Static Pullout Strength in Tension, N_{pn} : The nominal pullout strength of a single anchor in tension in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.3.1 and 17.6.3.2 or ACI 318-14 17.4.3.1 in cracked and uncracked concrete, $N_{p,cr}$ and $N_{p,uncr}$, respectively, is listed in Table 4 of this report. In lieu of ACI 318-19 17.6.3.3 or ACI 318-14 17.4.3.6, $\psi_{c,P} = 1.0$ for all design cases. The nominal pullout strength in cracked concrete shall be adjusted using Eq-1 of this report:

$$N_{pn,f'c} = N_{p,cr} (\frac{f'_c}{2,500})^n$$
 (lb, psi) Eq-1

$$N_{pn,f'c} = N_{p,cr} (\frac{f'_c}{17.2})^n$$
 (N, MPa)

where f_c is the specified concrete compressive strength.

In regions where analysis indicates no cracking in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.3.3 or ACI 318-14 17.4.3.6, the nominal pullout strength in tension shall be adjusted using Eq-2 of this report:

$$\begin{split} N_{pn,f'c} &= N_{p,uncr} (\frac{f_c}{2,500})^n \qquad \text{(lb, psi)} \qquad \text{Eq-2} \\ N_{pn,f'c} &= N_{p,uncr} (\frac{f'_c}{17.2})^n \qquad \text{(N, MPa)} \end{split}$$

where f_c is the specified concrete compressive strength.

Where values for $N_{p,cr}$ or $N_{p,uncr}$ are not listed in Table 4 of this report, the pullout strength in tension need not be evaluated.

3.2.1.5 Requirements for Static Steel Strength in Shear, V_{sa} : The nominal steel strength in shear, V_{sa} , of a single anchor in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.1.2 or ACI 318-14 17.5.1.2 is given in Table 4 of this report and shall be used in lieu of the values derived by calculation from ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.7.1.2b or ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.5.1.2b. The strength reduction factors, ϕ , listed in Table 4 of this report shall be used.



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3.2.1.6 Requirements for Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Shear, V_{cb} or V_{cbg} : The nominal concrete breakout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in shear, V_{cb} or V_{cbg} , respectively, shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.2 or ACI 318-14 17.5, with modifications as described herein. The basic concrete breakout strength in shear, V_b , shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.2.2.1 or ACI 318-14

17.5.2.2 where the values of l_e and d_a are given in Table 4 of this report.

3.2.1.7 Requirements for Static Concrete Pryout Strength in Shear, V_{cp} or V_{cpg} : The nominal concrete pryout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in shear, V_{cp} or V_{cpg} , shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.3 or ACI 318-14 17.5.3, modified using the value of k_{cp} provided in Table 4 of this report and the value of N_{cb} or N_{cbg} as calculated in Section 3.2.1.3 of this report.

3.2.1.8 Requirements for Seismic Design

3.2.1.8.1 General: For load combinations including seismic loads, the design calculations shall be performed in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.10 or ACI 318-14 17.2.3, as applicable. Modifications to ACI 318-14 17.2.3 shall be applied under Section 1905.1.8 of the IBC.

The anchors shall be designed in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.10.5, 17.10.6, 17.10.7, or 17.10.4 or ACI 318-14 17.2.3.4, 17.2.3.5, 17.2.3.6, or 17.2.3.7, as applicable. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , are listed in Table 4 of this report.

All anchors listed in this report may be installed in structures assigned to IBC Seismic Design Categories A to F.

3.2.1.8.2 Seismic Tension: The nominal steel strength and nominal concrete breakout strength for anchors in tension shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.1 and 17.6.2 or ACI 318-14 17.4.1 and 17.4.2, as described in Sections 3.2.1.2 and 3.2.1.3 of this report. In accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.3.2.1 or ACI 318-14 17.4.3.2, the appropriate value for pullout strength in tension for seismic loads, $N_{p,eq}$, as listed in Table 4 of this report, shall be used in lieu of $N_{p,cr}$. $N_{p,eq}$ may be adjusted by calculations in accordance with Eq-3 of this report.

$$\begin{split} N_{p,eq,f'c} &= N_{p,eq} (\frac{f'_c}{2,500})^n \qquad \text{(lb, psi)} \qquad \text{Eq-3} \\ N_{p,eq,f'c} &= N_{p,eq} (\frac{f'_c}{17.2})^n \qquad \text{(N, MPa)} \end{split}$$

Where values for $N_{p,eq}$ are not listed in Table 4 of this report, the pullout strength in tension need not be evaluated.

3.2.1.8.3 Seismic Shear: The nominal concrete breakout strength and concrete pryout strength for anchors in shear

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shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.2 and 17.7.3 or ACI 318-14 17.5.2 and 17.5.3, as described in Sections 3.2.1.6 and 3.2.1.7 of this report. In accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.1.2 or ACI 318-14 17.5.1.2, the appropriate value for nominal steel strength in shear for seismic loads, $V_{sa,eq}$, as listed in Table 4 of this report, shall be used in lieu of V_{sa} .

3.2.1.9 Requirements for Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces: Anchors or groups of anchors that are subject to the effects of combined axial tension and shear forces shall be designed in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.8 or ACI 318-14 17.6.

3.2.1.10 Requirements for Critical Edge Distance: In applications where the design edge distance, c, is less than the critical edge distance, c_{ac} , and supplemental reinforcement to control splitting of the concrete is not present, the concrete breakout strength in tension for uncracked concrete, calculated according to ACI 318-19 17.6.2 or ACI 318-14 17.4.2, shall be further multiplied by the factor $\psi_{cp,N}$ given by Eq-4 of this report:

$$\psi_{cp,N} = \frac{c}{c_{ac}}$$
 Eq-4

where the factor $\psi_{cp,N}$ need not be taken as less than $\frac{1.5h_{ef}}{c_{ac}}$, where c_{ac} and h_{ef} shall be as listed in Table 4 of this report. For all other cases, $\psi_{cp,N} = 1.0$.

3.2.1.11 Requirements for Minimum Member Thickness, Minimum Anchor Spacing, and Minimum Edge Distance: In lieu of ACI 318-19 17.9.2 and 17.9.4 or ACI 318-14 17.7.1, 17.7.3, and 17.7.5, values of c_{min} , s_{min} , and h_{min} shall comply with Table 3 of this report. Additional combinations for minimum edge distance c_{min} and spacing s_{min} may be derived by linear interpolation between the given boundary values.

3.2.1.12 Requirements for Lightweight Concrete: For the use of anchors in lightweight concrete, the modification factor λ_a equal to 0.8 λ is applied to all values of $(f'_c)^{0.5}$ affecting N_n and V_n .

For ACI 318-19 (2024 and 2021 IBC or IRC) or ACI 318-14 (2018 and 2015 IBC or IRC), λ shall be determined in accordance with the corresponding version of ACI 318.

3.2.2 Allowable Stress Design

3.2.2.1 General: Design values for use with allowable stress design load combinations calculated in accordance with Section 1605.1 or Section 1605.2 of the 2024 and 2021 IBC, or Section 1605.2 or Section 1605.3 of the 2018 and 2015 IBC, shall be established using Eq-5 and Eq-6 of this report:

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$$T_{allowable,ASD} = \frac{\phi N_n}{\alpha}$$
 Eq-5

$$V_{allowable,ASD} = \frac{\phi V_n}{\alpha}$$
 Eq-6

where:

$T_{allowable,ASD} =$	Allowable tension load (lbf or kN)
$V_{allowable,ASD} =$	Allowable shear load (lbf or kN)

- ϕN_n = Lowest design strength of an anchor or anchor group in tension as determined with ACI 318(-19 and -14) Chapter 17 and 2024 IBC Section 1905.7, 2021, 2018, and 2015 IBC Section 1905.1.8, and Section 3.2 of this report, as applicable (lbf or kN)
- ϕV_n = Lowest design strength of an anchor or anchor group in shear as determined with ACI 318(-19 and -14) Chapter 17 and 2024 IBC Section 1905.7, 2021, 2018, or 2015 IBC Section 1905.1.8, and Section 3.2 of this report, as applicable (lbf or kN)
- α = Conversion factor calculated as a weighted average of the load factors for the controlling load combination. In addition, α shall include all applicable factors to account for non-ductile failure modes and required overstrength.

The requirements for member thickness, edge distance, and spacing, described in this report, shall apply.

3.2.2.2 Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces: Anchors or groups of anchors that are subject to the effects of combined axial tension and shear forces shall be designed in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.8 or ACI 318-14 17.6, as follows:

For tension loads, $T_{applied} \leq 0.2 T_{allowable,ASD}$, the full allowable load in shear shall be permitted.

For shear loads, $V_{applied} \leq 0.2 V_{allowable,ASD}$, the full allowable load in tension shall be permitted.

For all other cases, Eq-7 of this report shall be satisfied:

$$\frac{T_{applied}}{T_{allowable,ASD}} + \frac{V_{applied}}{V_{allowable,ASD}} \le 1.2$$
 Eq-7

3.3 Installation: Installation parameters and instructions are provided in Tables 1 through 4, and Figures 1, 2, and 4 of this report. Anchor locations shall comply with this report and the plans and specifications approved by the building official. The HST2 (-F, -R) V3 Expansion Anchors shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's printed installation instructions and this report. Anchors shall be installed in

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holes drilled into the concrete using carbide-tipped drill bits that comply with ANSI B212.15-1994. The nominal drill bit diameter shall be equal to that of the anchor and listed in Table 1 of this report. The minimum drilled hole depth is listed in Table 1 of this report. Per step 2a of Figure 4, prior to anchor installation, the dust and debris resulting from drilling shall be removed from the hole using a hand pump (compressed air or a vacuum is also acceptable to remove the dust). Alternatively, per step 2b of Figure 4 of this report, after drilling to the full drilling depth the drill bit should be raised and lowered three times to pull drilling dust to the surface of the concrete. The anchor shall be hammered into the predrilled and cleaned hole until the proper nominal embedment depth is achieved. The nut shall be tightened against the washer until the installation torque value, as listed in Table 1 of this report, is achieved.

3.4 Special Inspection: Periodic special inspection is required in accordance with Section 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.3 of the IBC. The special inspector shall make periodic inspections during anchor installation to verify anchor type, anchor dimensions, concrete type, concrete compressive strength, concrete member thickness, anchor spacing, anchor edge distance, drill bit type, drill bit size, hole dimensions, the hole cleaning method, installation torque procedure, and verification and adherence to the manufacturer's printed installation instructions. The special inspector shall be present as often as required in accordance with the "statement of special inspection".

4.0 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

4.1 Product Information: The HILTI HST2(-F, -R) V3 Expansion Anchors are torque-controlled, mechanical expansion anchors that are comprised of four components: anchor body (stud), expansion element (clip), washer, and nut. A typical anchor is depicted in Figure 1 of this report. The anchor body has a tapered mandrel formed on the bottom end of the anchor and a threaded upper end. The expansion clip is fixed to the anchor body over the tapered mandrel during fabrication, and rotates freely on the anchor before installation. The Hilti HST2 V3 BW is a version of the carbon steel HST2 V3 with a larger washer.

The anchor is inserted into a predrilled hole in the hardened concrete using a mallet. The anchor is set by the application of an installation torque to the hex nut, which serves to expand the expansion clip against the concrete side of the bore hole. Loads are transferred through the anchor to and from the concrete by friction.

The anchors are available in 8 mm, 10 mm, 12 mm, and 16 mm diameters of various lengths. The product names and sizes are presented in Table 1 of this report.

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The HST2 V3 and HST2 V3 BW anchor body is manufactured from carbon steel with minimum 5 um electroplated zinc conforming to EN ISO 4042:2018. The expansion clips are fabricated from A2 stainless steel. The plain steel hex nuts with minimum 5 µm electroplated zinc conforming to EN ISO 4042:2018, strength class 8. The HST2 V3 and HST2 V3 BW have plain steel washers with minimum 5 µm electroplated zinc conforming to EN ISO 4042:2018. The HST2-F V3 anchor body is manufactured from carbon steel with minimum 50 µm hot-dipped galvanized zinc conforming to EN ISO 10684/tZn. The expansion clips are fabricated from A2 stainless steel. The plain steel hex nuts with minimum 50 µm hot-dipped galvanized zinc conform to EN ISO 10684/tZn, strength class 8, and the plain steel washers with minimum 50 µm hotdipped galvanized zinc conform to EN ISO 10684/tZn. The HST2-R V3 anchor body is manufactured from either stainless steel A4 or duplex stainless steel A4. The expansion clip, hexagonal nut, and washer are all manufactured from A4 stainless steel.

4.2 Material Information: Normalweight and lightweight concrete shall comply with Sections 1903 and 1905 of the IBC.

5.0 IDENTIFICATION

HILTI HST2(-F, -R) V3 Expansion Anchors are identified by dimensional characteristics and packaging. The packaging label lists the name and address of Hilti Inc., the manufacturing location, the anchor size and type, and the IAPMO UES evaluation report number (ER-918). The threaded end of each HST2 V3 Expansion Anchor is stamped with a length identification code letter, and either a single notch for HST2 V3, HST2-F V3, and HST2 V3 BW, or a double Notch for HST2-R V3, as indicated in Table 2 and Figure 2 of this report. The shaft is stamped with HILTI HST2 V3, the diameter, and the steel type.

The IAPMO Uniform Evaluation Service Mark of Conformity may also be used as shown below



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6.0 SUBSTANTIATING DATA

Testing and analytical data for cracked and uncracked concrete in accordance with ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Mechanical Anchors in Concrete Elements (AC193), Approved October 2017, editorially revised April 2024; and ACI 355.2-19, Qualification of Post-Installed Anchors in Concrete, including testing for seismic tension and seismic shear. Test reports are from laboratories accredited to ISO/IEC 17025.

7.0 STATEMENT OF RECOGNITION

This evaluation report describes the results of research completed by IAPMO Uniform Evaluation Service on HILTI HST2(-F, -R) V3 Expansion Anchors to assess conformance to the codes shown in Section 1.0 of this report and serves as documentation of the product certification. Products are manufactured at the locations noted in Section 2.13 of this report under a quality control program with periodic inspection under the supervision of IAPMO UES.

For additional information about this evaluation report please visit <u>www.uniform-es.org</u> or email us at <u>info@uniform-es.org</u>



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		6 1 1	T T •4	Nominal anchor diameter (mm)						
Setting information		Symbol	Units	M8	M10	M12	M16			
Nominal drill bit diameter	d_o	mm	8	10	12	16				
Effective minimum embedment		h _{ef}	mm	45	60	70	85			
No	HST2 V3 & HST2-F V3	I.	mm	55	70	83	98			
Nominal minimum embedment	HST2-R V3	h_{nom}		53	69	80	98			
Minimum hole depth in concrete for non-cleaned hole ¹	HST2 V3 & HST2-F V3	1	mm	75	90	103	118			
	HST2-R V3	$h_{I, NC}$		73	89	100	118			
Minimum hole depth in concrete	HST2 V3 & HST2-F V3	,	mm	60	75	91	106			
for cleaned hole ²	HST2-R V3	$h_{I,C}$		58	74	88	106			
Minimum concrete thickness for no	n-cleaned hole 1	h _{min, NC}	mm	105	120	140	160			
Minimum concrete thickness for cle	aned hole ²	h _{min, C}	mm	100	120	140	160			
Fixture hole diameter		d_f	mm	9	12	14	18			
	HST2 V3			15	25	40	80			
Installation torque	HST2-F V3	Tinst	Nm	25	40	50	110			
	HST2-R V3			20	45	60	110			

TABLE 1 - HILTI HST2(-F, -R) V3 EXPANSION ANCHOR INSTALLATION PARAMETERS

¹ Figure 4 Step 2b provides drilling and dust removal instructions for non-cleaned hole conditions.

² Figure 4 Step 2a provides drilling and dust removal instructions for cleaned hole conditions.

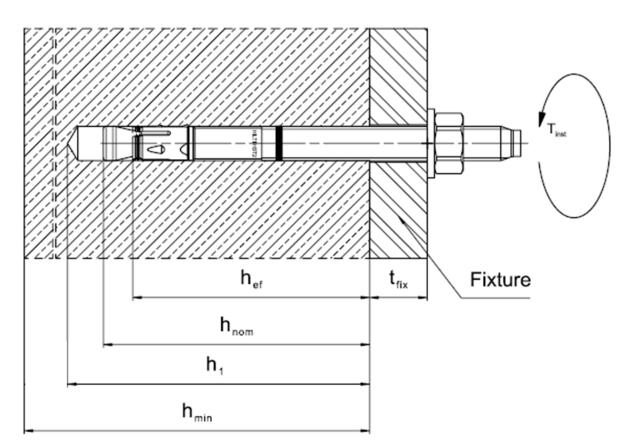


FIGURE 1 - HILTI HST2(-F, -R) V3 INSTALLATION PARAMETERS AND GEOMETRY



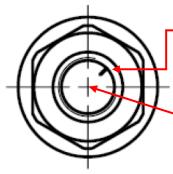
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Stamp	on anchor	А	В	С	D	E	f	п	F	G	Δ	Н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0
Length of	From	38.1	50.8	63.6	76.2	88.9	100.0	100.0	101.6	114.3	125.0	127.0	139.7	152.4	165.1	177.8	190.5	203.2	215.9
anchor $l_{anch}(mm)$	Up to but not including	50.8	63.5	76.2	88.9	101.6	100.0	100.0	114.3	127.0	125.0	139.7	152.4	165.1	177.8	190.5	203.2	215.9	228.6
Stamp	on anchor	Р	Q	R	r	S	Т	U	V	W	Х	Y	Z	AA	BB	CC	DD	EE	FF
Length of	From	228.6	241.3	254.0	260.0	279.4	304.8	330.2	355.6	381.0	406.4	431.8	457.2	482.6	508.0	533.4	558.8	584.2	609.6
anchor $l_{anch}(mm)$	Up to but not including	241.3	254.0	279.4	260.0	304.8	330.2	355.6	381.0	406.4	431.8	457.2	482.6	508.0	533.4	558.8	584.2	609.6	635.0
Stamp	on anchor	GG	HH	=	JJ	KK	LL	MM	NN	00	PP	QQ	RR	SS	TT	UU	VV		
Length of	From	635.0	600.4	685.8	711.2	736.6	762.0	787.4	812.8	838.2	863.6	889.0	914.4	939.8	965.2	990.6	1016.0		
anchor $l_{anch}(mm)$	Up to but not including	660.4	685.8	711.2	736.6	762.0	787.4	812.8	838.2	863.6	889.0	914.4	939.8	965.2	990.6	1016.0	1041.4		

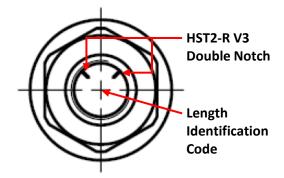
TABLE 2 – LENGTH IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM



HST2 V3, HST2-F V3, and HST2 V3 BW Single Notch

Length Identification Code

Letter code with one mark



Letter code with two marks

FIGURE 2 – BOLT HEAD WITH LENGTH IDENTIFICATION CODE AND NOTCH EMBOSSMENT



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TABLE 3 - MINIMUM EDGE DISTANCE, SPACING, AND CONCRETE THICKNESS FOR HILTI HST2(-F, -R) V3¹

	Course had	T T •4	Nominal anchor diameter (mm)							
Setting information	Symbol	Units	M8	M10	M12	M16				
Effective minimum embedment	h _{ef, min}	mm	45	60	70	85				
Minimum concrete thickness for non-cleaned hole ²	$h_{min, NC}$	mm	105	120	140	160				
Minimum concrete thickness for cleaned hole ³	$h_{min, C}$	mm	100	120	140	160				
HST2 V3 & HST2-F V3										
Minimum edge distance	C _{min}	mm	75	75	80	100				
	for $s \ge 1$	mm	100	125	200	200				
A	Smin	mm	100	55	85	125				
Minimum anchor spacing	for $c \ge$	mm	75	90	120	175				
HST2-R V3										
	C_{min}	mm	100	80	80	85				
Minimum edge distance	for $s \ge$	mm	100	140	160	160				
X	S _{min}	mm	100	120	60	70				
Minimum anchor spacing	for $c \ge$	mm	100	170	120	110				

 1 Linear interpolation of e_{min} and s_{min} is permitted for a specific value of h_{min} . Figure 3 of this report illustrates the interpolation method.

² Figure 4 Step 2b provides drilling and dust removal instructions for non-cleaned hole conditions.

³ Figure 4 Step 2a provides drilling and dust removal instructions for cleaned hole conditions.

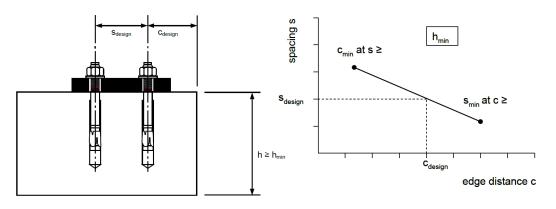


FIGURE 3 – INTERPOLATION OF MINIMUM EDGE AND SPACING DISTANCE



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TABLE 4 - HILTI HST2(-F, -R) V3 DESIGN INFORMATION

			Nominal anchor diameter (mm)									
Design parameter	Symbol	Units	н	-R V3	V3							
			M8	M10	M12	M16	M8	M10	M12	M16		
Anchor O.D.	d_a	mm	8	10	12	16	8	10	12	16		
Effective min. embedment ¹	h _{ef, min}	mm	45	60	70	85	45	60	70	85		
Tension, steel failure modes												
Strength reduction factor for steel in tension ²	$\phi_{sa,N}$	-	0.65	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75		
Min. specified yield strength, threads	$f_{ya,threads}$	N/mm ²	464	520	560	530	576	568	568	520		
Min. specified ult. strength, threads	$f_{uta,threads}$	N/mm ²	580	650	700	650	720	710	710	650		
Effective-cross sectional steel area in tension, threads	$A_{se,N,thrd}$	mm ²	36.6	58.0	84.3	157.0	36.6	58.0	84.3	157.0		
Min. specified yield strength, neck	$f_{ya,neck}$	N/mm ²	566	634	669	626	636	645	654	636		
Min. specified ult. strength, neck	futa,neck	N/mm ²	660	740	780	730	740	750	760	740		
Effective-cross sectional steel area in tension, neck	Ase,N,neck	mm ²	25.1	37.8	53.1	113.1	24.6	41.5	57.8	106.0		
Nominal steel strength in tension	N _{sa}	kN	16.5	28.0	41.4	82.6	18.2	31.1	43.9	78.5		
Tension, concrete failure modes												
Anchor category	-	-	1	2	2	1	3	3	1	1		
Strength reduction factor for concrete failure in tension, Condition B ³	$\phi_{c,N}$	-	0.65	0.55	0.55	0.65	0.45	0.45	0.65	0.65		
Effectiveness factor for uncracked concrete	kuncr	-	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0		
Effectiveness factor for cracked concrete	k _{cr}	-	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1		
Modification factor for anchor resistance, tension, uncracked conc. ⁴	$\psi_{c,N}$	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Critical edge distance	Cac	mm	100	130	160	250	180	240	180	210		
Pullout strength in uncracked concrete	N _{p,uncr}	kN	8.4	15.7	23.3	31.9	11.3	15.9	N/A	N/A		
Pullout strength in cracked concrete	N _{p,cr}	kN	7.1	11.5	13.0	N/A	4.1	N/A	16.1	N/A		
Pullout strength in cracked conc., seismic ⁵	$N_{p,eq}$	kN	Not permitted	11.5	12.9	22.6	Not permitted	11.3	14.2	21.7		
Normalization factor, uncracked concrete	nuncr	-	0.50	0.49	0.45	0.40	0.50	0.50	0.29	0.50		
Normalization factor, cracked concrete, seismic	n _{cr}	-	0.50	0.38	0.50	0.50	0.00	0.31	0.50	0.49		
Tension, axial stiffness												
Axial stiffness for uncracked concrete	β_{uncr}	kN/mm	34	27	27	20	36	64	80	139		
Axial stiffness for cracked concrete	β_{cr}	kN/mm	8	14	23	19	4	18	7	13		
Shear, steel failure modes												
Strength reduction factor for steel in shear ²	$\phi_{sa,V}$	-	0.60	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65		
Nominal steel strength in shear	V_{sa}	kN	9.1	16.3	25.0	42.1	15.2	24.7	35.9	61.2		
Nominal steel strength in shear, seismic	V _{sa,eq}	kN	Not permitted	11.3	19.8	33.8	Not permitted	13.6	23.9	29.8		
Shear, concrete failure modes												
Strength reduction factor for concrete breakout failure in shear, Condition B ³	\$\$\$ \$	-	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7		
Load bearing length of anchor in shear	ℓ_{e}	mm	45	60	70	85	45	60	70	85		
Effectiveness factor for pryout	k _{cp}	-	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0		

Notes for Table 4 continued on next page

¹ The dimensions are illustrated in Figure 1 of this report.

² The HST2(-F) V3 M8 diameter is considered a brittle steel element. All other sizes and steel material types of the HST2(-F, -R) V3 anchors are considered ductile steel elements.

³ For use with the load combinations of ACI 318(-19 and -14) Section 5.3, and 2024 and 2021 IBC Section 1605.1 or 2018 and 2015 IBC Section 1605.2. Condition B applies where supplementary reinforcement in conformance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3 or ACI 318-14 section 17.3.3 is not provided, or where pullout

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or pryout strength governs. For cases where the presence of supplementary reinforcement can be verified, the resistance modification factors associated with Condition A may be used.

⁴ For all design cases, $\psi_{cN} = 1.0$. The appropriate effectiveness factor for cracked concrete (k_{cr}) or uncracked concrete (k_{uncr}) shall be used.

⁵ For all design cases, $\psi_{c,P} = 1.0$. The tabular value for pullout strength is for a concrete compressive strength of 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). Pullout strength for concrete compressive strength greater than 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) may be increased by multiplying the tabular pullout strength by $(f_c / 2,500)^n$ for psi, or $(f_c / 17.2)^n$ for MPa, where n is given as n_{uner} for uncracked concrete and n_{er} for cracked concrete. N/A (not applicable) denotes that pullout strength does not need to be considered for design.

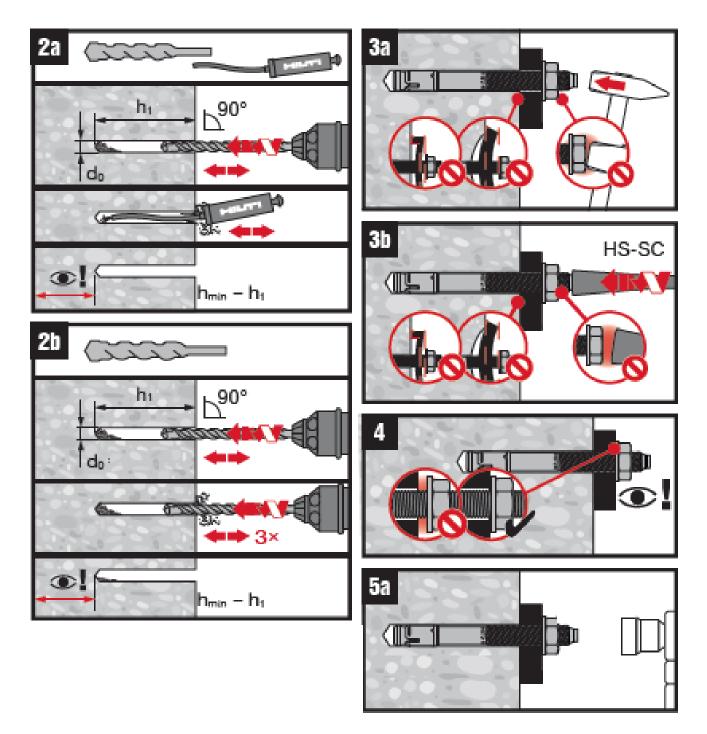


FIGURE 4 – HST2(-F, -R) V3 INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS